# Data Logger



Data logging is an exciting way to engage students with real-world data and scientific concepts.

Skills and Learning	Resources
<ul> <li>To introduce students to the concept of data logging and how sensors collect information.</li> <li>To enable students to use data loggers to collect and analyse data.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data Logger</li> <li>Tablet or computer (to review data)</li> </ul>
Key Vocabulary, Questions and Concepts	Assessment Opportunities

- **Data Collection** Understanding how data is collected over time.
- **Sensors** Exploring special input devices (sensors) that monitor environment.
- Data Points and Sets- Learning about individual data points and sets.
- **Logging Intervals-** Understanding the frequency at which data is recorded.
- Pupils' ability to collect and analyse data using data loggers.
- Participation in class discussions and posing thoughtful questions.

#### Introduction (10 minutes)

- Discuss with pupils why data is important and how it helps us understand the world.
 - Introduce the concept of data logging and its relevance in various fields (e.g.,

- Introduce the concept of data logging and its relevance in various fields weather, ecology, and sports).

	<b>Exploring Sensors (20 minutes)</b> - Explain that sensors are like our senses—they help computers perceive the
Learn	environment.
and	- Show examples of sensors (e.g., temperature sensors, light sensors, and motion
Explore	sensors).
	- Discuss how sensors collect data continuously.



## Hands-On Data Collection (30 minutes)

- Provide pupils with data loggers (physical or virtual).
- Set up a simple experiment (e.g., measuring room temperature over time).
- Pupils take turns collecting data using the data logger.
- Discuss the importance of consistent logging intervals.



### Analysing Data (20 minutes)

- Use a computer or tablet to review the collected data.
- Plot data points on a graph.
- Discuss trends and patterns.

#### Pose Questions (15 minutes)

- Encourage students to think critically.
- Ask questions related to the data e.g. why did the temperature change at a certain time?
- Pupils record their questions they would like to find the answers to.
- In groups they set up data loggers to answer their questions for specific experiments.

# Review and Reflect

### Conclusion (10 minutes)

- Recap key concepts: sensors, data points, sets, and logging intervals.
- -Discuss how data loggers enhance scientific investigations.

