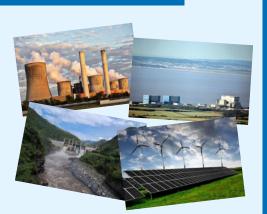
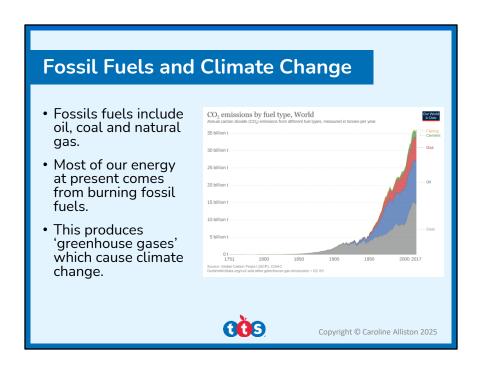


### Where does our energy come from?

- Fossil fuels (mostly)
- Nuclear energy
- Renewable energy (e.g. hydroelectric, wind & solar)







This graph shows how steeply carbon emissions are rising.

# Renewable Energy





- We need to reduce our carbon emissions
- We must reduce our dependency on fossil fuels
- One of the ways we can help is to use renewable energy which does not produce greenhouse gases
- Renewable energy comes from sources that do not get used up





#### **STEM Learning Objectives**

- Science: Electricity (compare and give reasons for variations in how components function) and Light (recognise how shadows are formed).
- Technology engage in an iterative process of designing and making
- Engineering optimise the performance of equipment
- Maths draw and measure angles using a protractor





Don't cut yourself or burn your fingers.

Use cool melt glue guns to avoid serious burns.

Don't put the fan near your eye.

Don't look directly at the sun as you could damage your eyes.

# **Collect your materials**

#### You will need:

- A solar renewable energy kit.
- A sheet of polystyrene foam.





## Assemble your tools

#### You will need:

- A ruler
- A pencil
- A felt tip pen
- A protractor
- A pair of scissors
- A cool melt glue gun
- A bowl
- A sheet of card



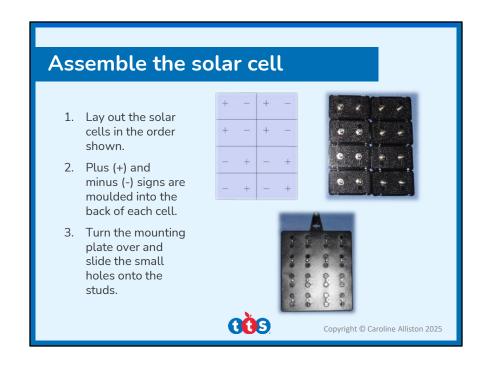


## Prepare the solar cells

- 1. Open the solar renewable energy kit.
- 2. Remove the 8 solar cells from the mounting plate.
- 3. Unscrew all the nuts and washers.
- 4. Remove the metal connecting strips.
- 5. Place the nuts, washers and strips in the bowl so you don't lose them.







### Connect up the solar panel

- 1. Fit the metal connecting strips.
- 2. Place the contacts from the solar motor onto the two studs shown.
- 3. Slide a washer onto each stud.
- 4. Spin a nut onto each stud with your fingers.
- 5. Nip up the nuts with the plastic spanner provided.
- 6. Make sure all the nuts are screwed on before you lift up the panel.





#### Make sure the fan works

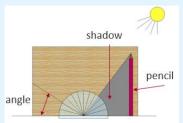
- Fit the propeller onto the motor shaft. Hold the solar panel facing the sun and check the propeller spins.
- 2. Feel whether the air is blowing away from the motor.
- 3. If it isn't then swap over the motor connectors on the solar panel this will make the motor turn the other way.
- 4. Hold the solar panel at varying angles to the sun and try to work out whether this affects how hard the fan blows.





# Work out at what angle to mount the solar panel.

- The panel needs to be mounted at right angles to the sun's rays to maximise power output.
- 2. Take a sheet of card and hold vertically on a flat table in the sun.
- 3. Hold the pencil vertically as shown and mark the point on the card.
- 4. Mark on the card where the shadow meets the table.
- 5. Draw a line between the two marks.
- 6. Draw another line at right angles to this.
- 7. Measure the angle of the second line from horizontal.







#### Assemble the stand for the fan

- 1. Push the end of the upright down into the slot in the base.
- 2. Twist it clockwise through 90°.
- 3. Take the propeller off the motor shaft.
- 4. Loosen the screw on the upright and push the motor in.
- 5. Nip up the screw and refit the propeller.





#### Fit your lamp and re-make the circuit

- Work out a position inside your house to fit your bulb holder.
- 2. Glue it in position.
- 3. Work out where to attach your battery and glue it on.
- 4. Re-connect the wires.
- 5. Try out the light, then switch off.
- 6. Tidy the wires and tape them to the inside of the house.







# What did you learn?

- Where does most of our energy come from?
- What is the problem with this?
- Name some sources of renewable energy.
- How does the orientation of the solar panel affect the fan performance?
- How are shadows formed?
- How does a solar powered electric fan work?





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Most of our energy comes from burning fossil fuels.

This causes climate change.

Sources of renewable energy include hydro-electric (water) power, wind and solar. The solar panel needs to be at right angles to the sun's rays to get best performance. Shadows are formed when the light is blocked by an opaque (i.e. not see-through) object.

The solar panel produces electricity when sunlight falls on it – this electricity is used to turn the motor. The propeller mounted on the motor pushes the air to produce a breeze which makes you feel cool.